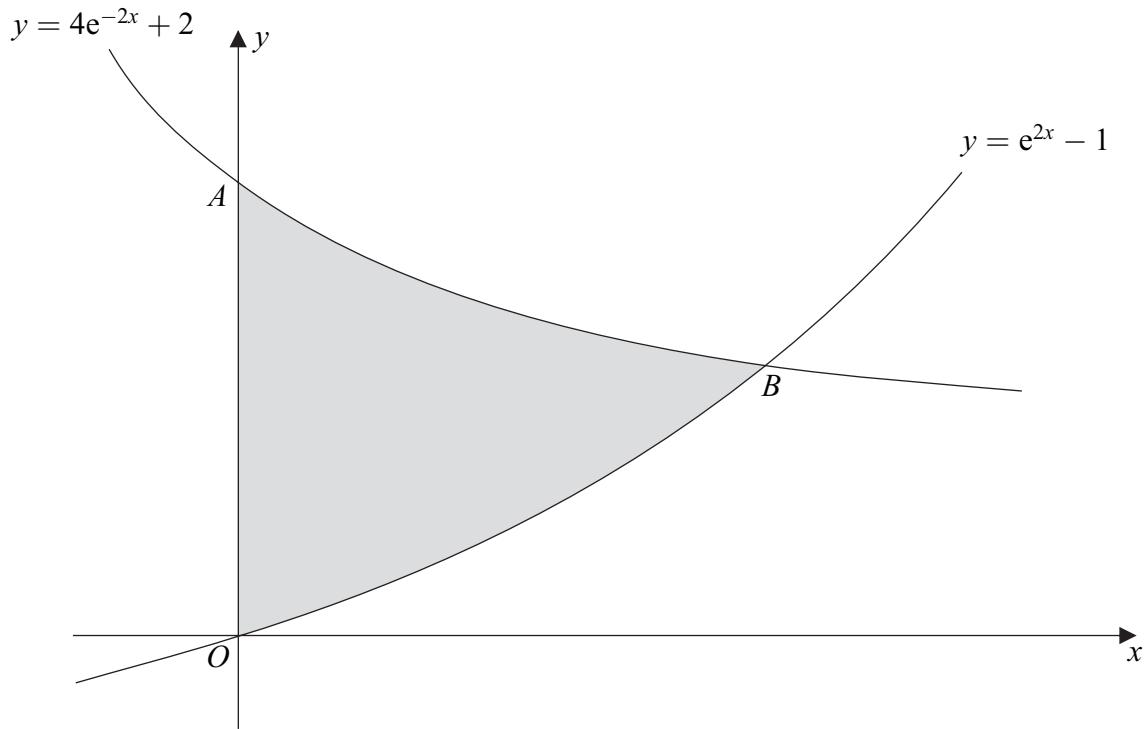


The diagram shows the curves $y = e^{2x} - 1$ and $y = 4e^{-2x} + 2$.



The curve $y = 4e^{-2x} + 2$ crosses the y -axis at the point A and the curves intersect at the point B .

(a) Describe a sequence of two geometrical transformations that maps the graph of $y = e^x$ onto the graph of $y = e^{2x} - 1$. (4 marks)

(b) Write down the coordinates of the point A . (1 mark)

(c) (i) Show that the x -coordinate of the point B satisfies the equation $(e^{2x})^2 - 3e^{2x} - 4 = 0$ (2 marks)

(ii) Hence find the exact value of the x -coordinate of the point B . (3 marks)

(d) Find the exact value of the area of the shaded region bounded by the curves $y = e^{2x} - 1$ and $y = 4e^{-2x} + 2$ and the y -axis. (5 marks)